

ITEM DETAILS

Dimensions in mm, * indicates distance to end of attached pipe

Page 1A of 5

Version 3. August 2014

Notes regarding connection to range hood:

The actual diameters of range hood outlets may vary from the nominal 150mm or 125mm. Always check fit to ducting and choose the component with the closest fit to the outlet to use as the connector

Use sleeve and sealant if necessary to get sealed connection between ducting and range hood outlet (see installation kit)



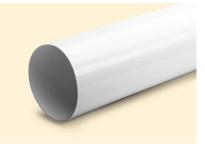
Includes

Hose clip for Flow 150 round pipe - 2 pcs Short sleeve of 150mm flexible aluminium duct Tube of neutral cure silicone Wipes to clean ducting surfaces for silicone White PVC ducting tape (Note, methylated spirits can also be used for cleaning the ducting. Do not use mineral turpentine or other solvents, they will damage the ducting)

N40-INSTALL

Installation kit for ducting

Typical use: Connect Flow 150mm round pipe to 150mm rangehood outlet using 2 x hose clips plus short sleeve of flexible aluminium duct + Seal ducting connections using n/c silicone, plus tape if required



End view 152

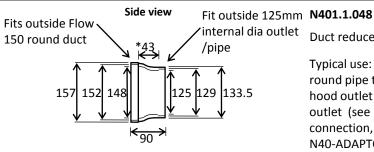


N405.2.102

Flow 150 pipe round 1000mm long, white

Typical use: Initial vertical ducting run straight up from 150mm rangehood outlet

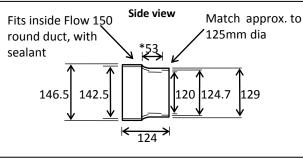




Duct reducer Round 150 to 125mm

Typical use: Connect Compair 150 round pipe to 125mm dia range hood outlet - check fit to 125mm outlet (see note regarding connection, see also alternative N40-ADAPTOR)





N40-ADAPTOR

Alternative Duct reducer Round 150 to 125mm (non Compair)

Typical use: Connect Compair 150 round pipe to 125mm dia range hood outlet - check fit to 125mm outlet (see note regarding connection)

Continue to page 1 for full list of ducting components



Dimensions in mm, * indicates distance to end of attached pipe

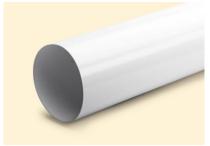


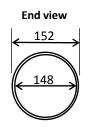


N402.1.133

Hose clip for 150 Round pipe

Typical use: 2 pcs to connect Flow 150 Round ducting pipe to rangehood outlet (use a short sleeve of flexible aluminium duct)



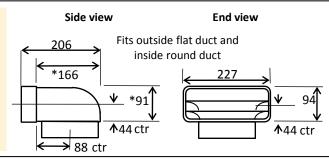


N405.2.102

Flow 150 pipe round 1000mm long, white

Typical use: Initial vertical ducting run straight up from rangehood outlet



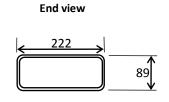


N404.3.002

Flow 150 deflector 90° (bend, round to flat)

Typical use: Top of initial vertical run of round duct from range hood, turning 90deg to start flat duct. Also, to turn flat duct down to round outlet through eaves



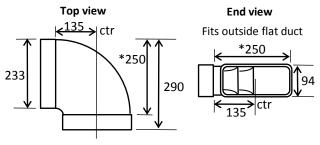


N404.3.001

Flow 150 flat duct pipe 1000mm no sleeve

Typical use: Main flat ducting run from above rangehood to outlet



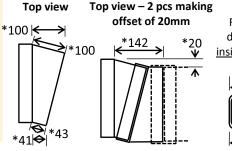


N404.3.003

Flow 150 flat pipe bend horizontal 90°

Typical use: Take main flat ducting run around horizontal corners





Fits outside flat duct at one end, inside flat connector at other

N404.3.007

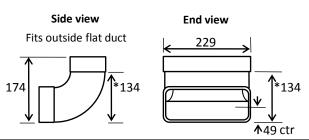
Flow 150 flat pipe bend horizontal 15°

Typical use: Shallow corners, or in pairs to offset the flat ducting with minimal loss of flow (offset = 20mm + 25mm per extra 100mm duct between connections)



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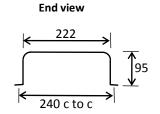


N404.3.004

Flow 150 flat pipe bend vertical 90°

Typical use: Take main flat ducting run up and over vertical steps



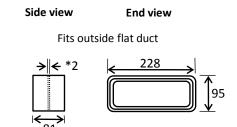


N404.3.019

Flow 150 flat duct mounting bracket

Typical use: Suggested 1 per length, to hold flat ducting in place and minimise the likelihood of vibration



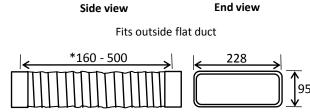


N404.3.005

Flow 150 flat pipe connector

Typical use: Connect lengths of flat duct, connect narrow end of 15° bend to flat duct



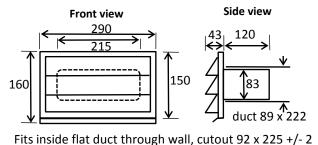


N404.3.042

Flexible joiner Flow 150 flat to

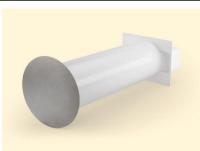
Typical use: Odd-angled corners or offsets, but 15 deg bends recommended for better flow, includes flat pipe connectors

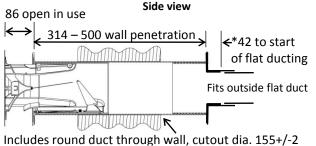




N402.2.038

Vent louvred SS for Flow 150 flat High quality Stainless Steel, simplest in brick wall - fits straight into flat duct through single brick space. Includes backflow shutter to exclude drafts, insects, without restricting flow





N404.3.041

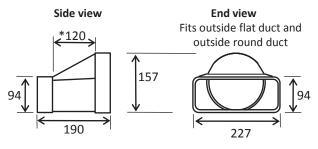
Flow Star GTS 150 F wall conduct for Flow 150 flat

Sophisticated wall vent for maximum flow and weather protection, with wall plate. See final page



Dimensions in mm. * indicates distance to end of attached pipe



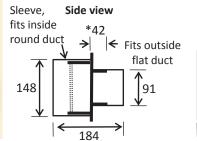


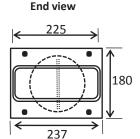
N404.3.006

Flow 150 flat-to-round connector/end piece

Typical use: Connect flat duct to length of round duct without wall plate





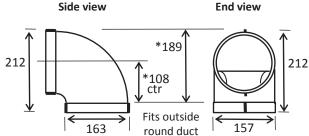


N404.3.058

Wall plate Flow 150 flat duct to Round 150 plus Sleeve

Typical use: Connect to flat duct when using round duct through wall to vent, sleeve telescopes inside round duct for adjustment, with removable backflow shutter



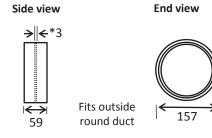


N405.2.015

Flow Round 150 pipe bend 90° White

Typical use: Take round ducting run (if used) around horizontal or vertical corners



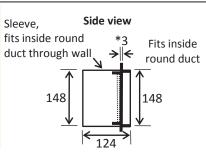


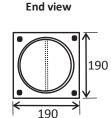
N405.2.017

Flow Round 150 pipe and hose connector White

Typical use: Connect lengths of round duct





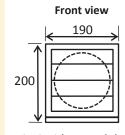


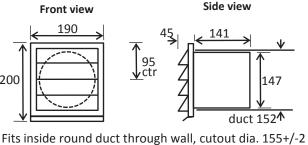
N404.3.057

Wall plate Round 150 duct to Round 150 plus Sleeve

Typical use: Connect to round duct 190 when using round duct through wall to vent, sleeve telescopes inside wall duct for adjustment, with removable backflow shutter







N402.2.012

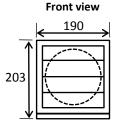
Vent louvred SS for Round 150mm

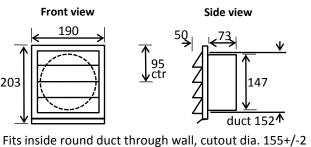
High quality Stainless Steel, fit straight into round duct. Includes backflow shutter to exclude drafts, insects, without restricting flow



Dimensions in mm. * indicates distance to end of attached pipe





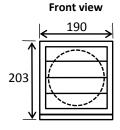


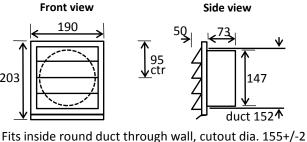
N404.4.044

Vent louvred 150 White round conn.

Budget vent, fit straight into Flow 150 round duct. Includes backflow shutter to exclude drafts, insects, without restricting flow





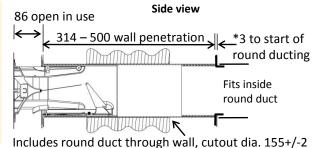


N404.4.045

Vent louvred 150 Brown round conn

Budget vent, fit straight into Flow 150 round duct. Includes backflow shutter to exclude drafts, insects, without restricting flow



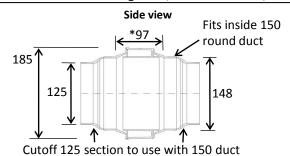


N404.3.040

Flow Star GTS 150 wall conduct Round

Sophisticated wall vent for maximum flow and weather protection, with wall plate. See final page



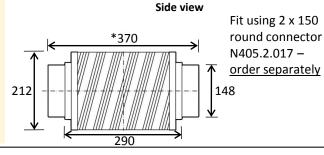


N404.3.018

Condensing water separator 125/150 Round conn

Stop dripping down vertical duct if big temperature change may cause condensation





N404.3.029

Silencer aluminium 150 Round conn.

Reduce fan noise travelling along duct - note, this will not reduce noise at the fan





Includes

Hose clip for Flow 150 round pipe - 2 pcs Short sleeve of 150mm flexible aluminium duct Tube of neutral cure silicone

Wipes to clean ducting surfaces for silicone White PVC ducting tape

(Note, methylated spirits can also be used for cleaning the ducting. Do not use mineral turpentine or other solvents, they will damage the ducting)

N40-INSTALL

Installation kit for ducting

Typical use: Connect Flow 150mm round pipe to rangehood outlet using 2 x hose clips plus short sleeve of flexible aluminium duct + Seal ducting connections using n/c silicone, plus tape if required



Dimensions in mm, * indicates distance to end of attached pipe

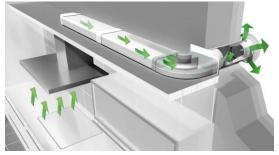
FLOW STAR GTS 150

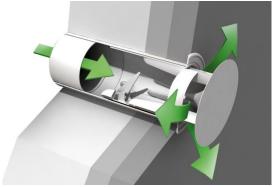
N404.3.041 Flow Star GTS 150 F wall conduct for Flow 150 flat ducting **N404.3.040** Flow Star GTS 150 wall conduct for Flow 150 round ducting



Sophisticated wall vents using guide vane technology for maximum flow, plus maximum weather protection

- Minimum back pressure and maximum flow when open
- Opens under light pressure from the rangehood when operating
- Held closed against seal by spring and magnets when idle









- Elegant, flat cover plate in brushed stainless steel, insulated on the inside
- Sturdy design with no-rust, solid lubricant ball bearings
- Optimum heat insulation
- No rattling in gusts of wind
- · No electrical connection required

Note: minimum pressure of 150Pa = 0.02 psi to open – well within the capability of most rangehoods

Side view – shown here for connection to flat duct

86 open in use

314 – 500 wall penetration

4*42 to start of flat ducting

Fits outside flat duct

N404.3.058 Wall Plate and flat to round connector

The same Flow Star unit is used for connection to both flat ducting and round ducting, except that:

- The N404.3.041 Flow Star unit for FLAT ducting includes the N404.3.058 Wall Plate for flat to round connection (see detail)
- The N404.3.040 Flow Star unit for ROUND ducting includes the N404.3.057 Wall Plate for round to round connection (see detail)



Application of Regulations Domestic & minor commercial / institutional: standards do not specify further requirements and Standards → Focus for the ducting is on performance in practice **Building Code of Australia 2010** (adopted as regulation in all states **COMPAIR** rangehood ducting from Kethy: and territories) Innovative GUIDE VANE technology integrated into bends Fire safety Ventilation requirements requirements Super-smooth airflow through bends AS/NZS 1668.2 determines requirements (*1) For a high-performance system, this means a BIG reduction in back pressure on the fan **Australian Standard AS/NZS** 1668.2:2002 Ventilation design for indoor contamination control **SUPER-QUIET:** The rangehood **SUPER-EFFICIENT:** The rangehood can run as quietly as possible can ventilate as much as possible Section 5: Mechanical ventilation -(Back pressure = much less airflow) (Back-pressure = noisy fan) exhaust systems (*2) Normal cooking emissions from YES LOW FLAMMABILITY The ducting is constructed from plastics which appliances used solely for need to be exposed to a much higher temperature than wood before domestic purposes? catching fire (*6) and they are also generally regarded as selfио√ extinguishing. They are used widely in Europe for this purpose Normal cooking emissions for INSTALLATION - SIMPLE and COMPACT The low profile, flat commercial or institutional section of the ducting and the small inner radius of the bends mean purposes, but at less than that it can be installed unobtrusively with minimal effort – without **YES**

loosing valuable space and without loosing quietness and efficiency **COMPAIR** rangehood ducting from Kethy provides an excellent solution:

- for the trade for consumer satisfaction

Commercial /Institutional: standards exclude COMPAIR ducting + most other domestic products

Equivalent to total

maximum input to

appliance of 8kW for

electrical, 29MJ/hr for gas,

or any deep fryer appliance

Excludes AS/NZS 1668.2 Sections 5.4-5.6 apply most minimum exhaust volumes for hoods domestic (m3/hr per metre of hood length) approx. range hoods

(*3)AS/NZS 1668.1 Section 11 applies requires fire dampers on ducts and openings plus fans, hoods and ducting with

minimum fusion (ie melting) temperature

of 1000degC (*4)

1600 over electric cooking, 2400 over gas

specified volumes (ie "minor")?

NO

Volumes

maximum

specified

greater than

AS 4254:2002 Section 2 applies – requires ducting to meet fire hazard Standards, specifies rigid steel or equivalent (*5)

Other notes:

Cooking appliances: by way of comparison with the AS 1668.2 Standard, power ratings are frequently up to around 6-7kW for 4-5 zone domestic electric cooktops and 40-50MJ/hr for 5burner gas with a wok burner contributing around 15-18 MJ/hr (*7). It is unlikely that these appliances will be operated at full power for long periods, but this is pushing the top end for "minor" exhaust systems, so a powerful rangehood and efficient ducting are highly recommended.

AS/NZS 4386:1996 Domestic kitchen assemblies provides some general information but does not specify any requirements within the standard (*8)

Prepared by Kethy Australia based on reference to the Building Code of Australia and relevant Australian Standards documents. *See following page for details of sources. This information does not constitute advice for specific situations and Kethy does

to domestic) not take any responsibility for its use. Greg Steele Trading Pty Ltd Unit 15 29-33 Waratah Street Kirrawee NSW 2232 ph 02 9542 4991 fax 02 9542 4662 email sales@kethy.com.au website www.kethy.com

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Excludes

aluminium &

most other > non-steel

ducting and

components

Applies fire

(not applied

hazard

> Standards

Application of Regulations and Standards. Page 2 of 2

*1 <u>Building Code of Australia 2010:</u> Requirements apply to ducting as follows:

Volume 1 – Class 2 to Class 9 Buildings: (commercial/institutional)

Section C: Fire Resistance, Specification C1.10.8 Air-handling ductwork: applies AS4254 (via AS1668.2, see AS 4254).

Section F4: Light and Ventilation .12 Kitchen local exhaust ventilation: applies AS/NZS 1668.

Volume 2 - Class 1 and Class 10 Buildings: (domestic)

Section3: Acceptable Construction, <u>Part 3.7 Fire Safety</u> .1 Fire separation: applies AS/NZS 1668.2. <u>Part 3.8 Health</u> <u>and Amenity</u> .5 Ventilation: applies AS/NZS 1668.2.

Australian Standard AS/NZS 1668 The use of ventilation and airconditioning in buildings:

AS/NZS 1668.2:2002 Ventilation design for indoor contamination control

- *2 <u>Section 5 Mechanical ventilation</u> exhaust systems, Figure 5.1 General guide for application + Clause 5.3.1 Types of effluent requiring local exhaust
- *3 <u>Based on Table 5.1</u>, calculated for overhead rangehood 500mm front to back, positioned 650mm above cooking surface, assuming cooking intensity up to medium-to-high heat with high grease content

*4 AS/NZS 1668.1-1998 Fire and smoke control in multi-compartment buildings

Section 11 Kitchen hood exhaust systems, 11.1 Scope and application:

applies "as required by AS 1668.2 and likely to generate grease vapour." Also, "This Section is intended to cover kitchen hood exhaust systems associated with commercial type installations. It is not intended to apply to domestic type installation associated with home units, flats or facilities provided in office type accommodations for use by staff members. These latter systems would usually be treated as minor exhaust systems." (C11.1)

<u>Notes:</u> If 1668.1 does apply, then it specifies ductwork construction "shall be galvanised steel of a thickness not less than 1.2mm, stainless steel not less than 0.9mm thickness or other suitable material" (<u>Clause 11.2.3.1</u>). It also

requires fire dampers on ducts and openings (<u>Section 3</u>), plus the use of ducting materials that have a temperature of fusion not less than 1000degC (<u>Section 2</u>), which also applies to exhaust fans, casings and cowls (<u>Clause 11.2.5</u>). This excludes aluminium, which has a temperature of fusion of approx. 660 degC. Also, <u>Clause 11.2.3.1</u> requires <u>Clause 2.2.1</u>, which in turn requires <u>AS 4254</u> provisions for fire hazard properties.

*5 Australian Standard AS 4254:2002 Ductwork for air-handling systems in buildings

<u>Part 1.3.1 Application, General</u>: This standard applies to ductwork for air-handling systems in accordance with the requirements of AS/NZS1668.1 and AS 1668.2

<u>Part 2.1.2 Rigid ductwork</u>: assembled system shall a). have AS 1530.3 test results for smoke development index not greater than 3 and spread of flame index not greater than 0 and b). Pass the UL181 burning test <u>Part 2.1.3 Kitchen exhaust ductwork</u>: "shall be constructed from galvanised sheet steel, stainless steel, or other approved rigid, hard-faced, fire retardant material, impervious to grease, smooth and free from obstructions on the internal surfaces". Also includes specifications for take-offs, clean-outs and rise/fall

- *6 The tube sections of the ducting are made of a PVC material and non-metal fittings are made of an HIPS plastic which have self-ignition temperatures of approx. 450degC and 490degC respectively (Source: Product data sheets from the plastics manufacturers). This is much higher than for wood, which self-ignites at around 250degC (general information available on internet).
- *7 Based on internet search of products listed in Australia, April 2012

*8 Australian Standard AS/NZS 4386:1996 Domestic kitchen assemblies

Part 1: Kitchen units & Part 2: Installation

<u>1.0 Scope (Part 1 & Part 2):</u> Applies to fitted kitchen assemblies (both flat-pack and pre-assembled) for domestic use, also to small offices, holiday apartments, units and similar non-commercial applications, primarily intended for BCA Classes 1, 2, 3 and 4 buildings but may also include Classes 5 and 6:

<u>Part 1 Figure C6(b) & Part 2 Figure A6(b)</u> "All canopy rangehoods and downdraft systems require connection to power and must be ducted to the outside of the building" plus <u>Part 1 Figure C6(c) & Part 2 Figure A6(c)</u> Includes both externally ducted rangehoods and ones that recirculate filtered air back out of the unit.

<u>Note</u>: these statements are for general information (description of available products) and do not form part of the Standard (see Part 1 pg 26, Part 2 pg 13). This Standard is not referenced by the BCA, AS/NZS 1668 or AS 4254.

Prepared by Kethy Australia based on reference to the Building Code of Australia and relevant Australian Standards documents. This information does not constitute advice for specific situations and Kethy does not take any responsibility for its use.

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